Global Seafood Alliance Logo

- GOAL Events
- Advocate Magazine
- Aquademia Podcast
- <u>Blog</u>
- Contact
- 0
- X
- in
- Log In

- About
 - Who We Are
 - Our History
 - o Our Team
 - Sustainable Development Goals
 - Careers
- <u>Membership</u>
 - o <u>Overview</u>
 - Our Members
 - Corporate Membership
- Resources
- Certification
 - Best Aquaculture Practices
 - Best Seafood Practices

Search...

Q

Log In

- About
 - Who We Are
 - o Our History
 - o Our Team
 - Sustainable Development Goals
 - Careers
- Membership
 - o <u>Overview</u>
 - o Our Members
 - Corporate Membership
- Resources
- Certification
 - Best Aquaculture Practices
 - Best Seafood Practices
- GOAL Events
- Advocate Magazine
- Aquademia Podcast
- **Blog**
- Contact

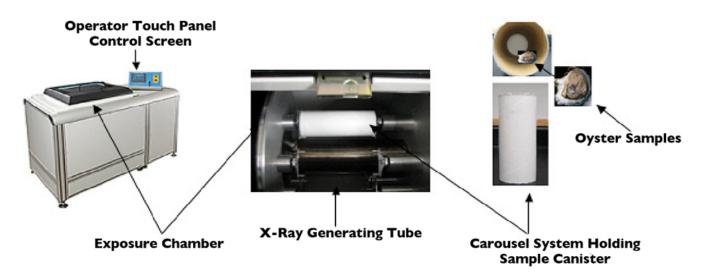


X-ray irradiation: Technology improves safety of live oysters

Responsible Seafood Advocate logo

1 September 2009 Barakat S.M. Mahmoud, Ph.D.





Basic components of an x-ray-generating system.

Eating raw oysters has become popular among consumers worldwide. However, raw oysters can serve as vehicles for many food-borne pathogenic microorganisms, including Vibrio species. Oysters filter large volume of seawater during their feeding activities, which can concentrate bacteria such as vibrios in their bodies.

The presence of the pathogens in oysters has a serious impact on public health and international trade. The U.S. Public Health Service estimated that millions of cases of diarrheal diseases and approximately 5,000 deaths occur in the United States each year due to pathogenic bacteria including Vibrio species. Seafood, including oysters, is a leading cause of food-borne disease outbreaks. About 10,415 illnesses were linked to seafood between 1990 and

Pathogenic bacteria

V. parahaemolyticus

V. parahaemolyticus – a gram-negative, halophilic bacterium that can cause gastroenteritis, vomiting, diarrhea, headache and nausea – is the leading cause of illness associated with the consumption of raw oysters in the United States. It occurs naturally in the marine environment.

Since last decade, a number of outbreaks of *V. parahaemolyticus* have been associated with the consumption of oysters. In 1998, the largest *V.* parahaemolyticus outbreak in the U.S., involving 416 cases, was linked to consumption of raw oysters. In 2006, another outbreak resulted in 177 cases and three hospitalizations.

V. vulnificus

V. vulnificus is a gram-negative bacterium that occurs naturally in warm estuarine environments such as the Gulf Coast, where the majority of U.S. oysters are harvested. Vibrio vulnificus was first described as a cause of human illness in 1979.

V. vulnificus has the highest (40 to 50 percent) fatality rate among food-borne pathogens in the U.S. It can cause death to individuals with underlying diseases, especially liver disease. The Centers for Disease Control estimated that over 8,000 Vibrio infections occur annually in the U.S., with 47 foodborne illnesses and 18 deaths from *V. vulnificus* vearly.

Traditional decontamination technologies

In the last decade, several post-harvest techniques have been proposed to reduce *Vibrio vulnificus* and *V. parahaemolyticus* in live and processed oysters. These techniques included cold treatments, high temperature, vacuum packaging, ultraviolet treatments, electrolyzed water and high-pressure treatments.

Most of these techniques have limited effects on Vibrios and/or kill oysters. Therefore, to improve the safety and quality of oysters, effective new technologies are needed. The decontamination standard set by the Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference and Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is a 5-log (99.999 percent) reduction of *V. vulnificus*.

Ionizing radiation

Ionizing radiation is one of the most effective technologies for controlling pathogens in food. The FDA has approved its use for many foods, including

Three types of radiation source are currently permitted for food irradiation processing: radionuclides cobalt-60 or cesium-137, electron beams generated by a machine with a maximum energy of 10 million electron volts (MeV) and x-rays generated by a machine at a maximum energy of 5 MeV.

X-ray trial

X-ray is a novel technology for seafood decontamination. Studies by the author used a food-grade irradiator that produced x-radiation of 5 MeV to investigate the reduction of *V. parahaemolyticus* and *V. vulnificus*.

X-ray treatments reduced the populations of Vibrio parahaemolyticus in half-shell oysters by more than 1 million cells per gram with 2-kGy doses. The same reduction was achieved with 5-kGy x-ray doses in whole-shell oysters.

A reduction of V. vulnificus of more than 1 million cells per gram was achieved with 1-kGy doses in half-shell oysters. In whole-shell live oysters, this same reduction was achieved with 3-kGy x-ray doses.

The results also showed that the inherent microflora in the ovsters were significantly reduced to less than 10 cells per gram, X-ray irradiation may offer further benefits because, unlike some other methods to reduce the spread of food-borne illness in oysters, the x-ray treatment did not kill the oysters even with the highest dose used, 5 kGy.

(Editor's Note: This article was originally published in the September/October 2009 print edition of the Global Aquaculture Advocate.)

Now that you've finished reading the article ...

... we hope you'll consider supporting our mission to document the evolution of the global aquaculture industry and share our vast network of contributors' expansive knowledge every week.

By becoming a Global Seafood Alliance member, you're ensuring that all of the pre-competitive work we do through member benefits, resources and events can continue. Individual membership costs just \$50 a year.

Not a GSA member? Join us.

Support GSA and Become a Member

Author

• Barakat S.M. Mahmoud, Ph.D.

Barakat S.M. Mahmoud, Ph.D.

Assistant Professor of Food Safety/Microbiology **Experimental Seafood Processing Laboratory** Costal Research and Extension Center Mississippi State University Pascagoula, Mississippi 39567 USA

[117,100,101,46,101,116,97,116,115,115,109,64,55,52,53,109,98]

Share

- **Share via Email** ✓
- **Share on Twitter**
- f Share on Facebook
- in Share on LinkedIn

Tagged With

Vibrio oysters irradiation X-ray Barakat S. M. Mahmoud

Related Posts

Aquafeeds

Alternative feed ingredients support continued aquaculture expansion

Identifying sources for essential macro- and micronutrients is important, as well as understanding how best to manufacture feed to required physical specifications when using these new raw materials.

Health & Welfare

Judicious use of phosphorous key to farmed fish health

Dietary phosphorus is essential for growth and healthy skeletal development of farmed fish. Fish health, limited availability and environmental concerns all urge modern aquaculture to handle phosphorous resources wisely and sustainably.

Health & Welfare

On the Job: Young fish veterinarian holds a hopeful outlook

Harry Hamlin-Wright is a fish vet. It's a career choice that gets strange looks but offers him varied and interesting work. See the world of aquatic animal health and welfare through a fresh set of eyes in a new Advocate series on aquaculture jobs.

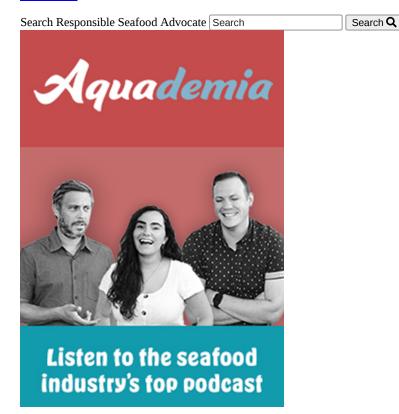
As ocean temperatures rise, so too will vibrio outbreaks

A study using a half-century of data has linked climate change and warming sea temperatures with an increase in illnesses from the common vibrio bacteria. Shellfish growers, fighting a particularly virulent strain of Vibrio parahaemolyticus, are changing their harvest protocols.

About The Advocate

The Responsible Seafood Advocate supports the Global Seafood Alliance's (GSA) mission to advance responsible seafood practices through education, advocacy and third-party assurances.

Learn More



Advertising Opportunities

2022 Media & Events Kit

Categories

Aquafeeds > Health & Welfare Health & Welfare > From Our Sponsors > Innovation & Investment > Intelligence > Responsibility > Fisheries > Artículos en Español >

Don't Miss an Article

Featured

- Health & Welfare An update on vibriosis, the major bacterial disease shrimp farmers face
- Intelligence A seat at the table: Fed By Blue team says aquaculture needs a stronger voice
- Responsibility Quantifying habitat provisioning at macroalgae cultivation locations

Popular Tags



Recent

- Fisheries Second Test: Another filler for the fisheries category
- Fisheries Test: This is filler for the fisheries Category
- **Aquafeeds Test Article**
- Responsibility Study: Climate change will shuffle marine ecosystems in unexpected ways as ocean temperature warms
- Health & Welfare Indian shrimp researchers earn a patent for WSSV diagnostic tool



- <u>About</u>
- <u>Membership</u>
- Resources
- Best Aquaculture Practices (BAP)
- Best Seafood Practices (BSP)
- **GOAL Events**
- Advocate Magazine
- Aquademia Podcast
- Blog
- Contact

Stay up to date with GSA

- (0)
- in

5/29/2024

Copyright $\ensuremath{\mathbb{G}}$ 2024 Global Seafood Alliance All rights reserved. <u>Privacy</u> Terms of Use Glossary